

OFFICE OF THE WELD COUNTY ASSESSOR PHONE (970) 400-3650 FAX (970) 304-6433 WEBSITE: <u>www.weldgov.com</u> WELD COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES 1400 N 17th AVE GREELEY, CO 80631

DLG 70 – CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES ELECTRONIC SUBMISSION FORM INSTRUCTIONS

<u>IMPORTANT</u>: Please do not sign the form until all items are complete. Signing the form finalizes the form and electronically delivers a copy to our office. No Adobe sign-up is required.

- Click on the link to view the fillable form.
- Complete your mill levy form filling in the Levy and the Revenue columns. The total fields will automatically calculate.
- If you start and need to come back later it automatically saves, you just click on the link when you return to retrieve the form with the previous information completed still showing.
- Please use only positive numbers as the form is set up to calculate the negative amounts.
- If you add a Levy under General Obligation Bond or Contractual Obligation you will be required to complete page 2.
- If more than one person is involved in completing the form you can forward to other people. The form automatically saves each time it is opened and a change is made until the form is signed. <u>Once the form is signed this finalizes the process and electronically delivers a copy to</u> <u>our office.</u>
- Once the form is signed, you will receive a signed copy emailed to the original email address.
- Please try to file your levy using the electronic form as this helps with the tracking process.

Please feel free to contact Scott Wright at (970) 400-3678, <u>swright@weldgov.com</u> or Dee Kayl at (970) 400-3655, <u>dkayl@weldgov.com</u> with any questions.

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TO: County Commissi	oners ¹ of	WELD COUNTY			, Color	ado	
On behalf of the SWEET		GRASS METR	O #3				
		(taxing entity) ^A					
the Board of Directors							
of the	Sweetgrass	(governing body) ^B Metropolitan Di					
	01100181000	(local government) ^C		. 5			
Hereby officially certifito be levied against the		2923670					
assessed valuation of:	(GRO	SS ^D assessed valuation, Line	2 of the Certifica	ation of Val	uation Form DLC	3 57 ^E	
Note: If the assessor certifie (AV) different than the GRC Increment Financing (TIF) A	2	2917060.29					
calculated using the NET AV	V. The taxing entity's total (NE)	ET ^G assessed valuation, Line			ation Form DLG	57)	
property tax revenue will be multiplied against the NET a		VALUE FROM FINAL CE BY ASSESSOR NO				DED	
Submitted:	12/13/2017	for budget/fiscal y	ear	2018			
(no later than Dec. 15)	(mm/dd/yyyy)			(уууу)			
PURPOSE (see end no	tes for definitions and examples)	LEVY ²		F	REVENUE	2	
1. General Operating I	Expenses ^H	4.000	mills	\$	11,668		
2. <minus></minus> Temporar Temporary Mill Lev	ry General Property Tax Credit vy Rate Reduction ^I	< 0	> mills	\$<	0	>	
SUBTOTAL FO	R GENERAL OPERATING:	4.0	mills	\$	11,668		
3. General Obligation	Bonds and Interest ^J		mills	\$	46,673		
4. Contractual Obligat		mills	\$				
5. Capital Expenditure		mills	\$				
6. Refunds/Abatement	ts ^M		mills	\$			
7. Other ^N (specify):			mills	\$			
			mills	\$			
]	FOTAL: Sum of General Operatin Subtotal and Lines 3 to 7	^g] 20.0	mills	\$	58,341		
Contact person: (print)	Jessica Brothers	Daytime phone:()	(303) 4	42-2299		
Signed: Jessica Brothers Jessica Brothers (Dec 13, 2017)			Title: District Controller				

 ¹ If the *taxing entity*'s boundaries include more than one county, you must certify the levies to each county. Use a separate form for each county and certify the same levies uniformly to each county per Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution.
² Levies must be rounded to <u>three</u> decimal places and revenue must be calculated from the total <u>NET assessed valuation</u> (Line 4 of Form DLG57 on the County Assessor's <u>FINAL</u> certification of valuation).

CERTIFICATION OF TAX LEVIES, continued

THIS SECTION APPLIES TO TITLE 32, ARTICLE 1 SPECIAL DISTRICTS THAT LEVY TAXES FOR PAYMENT OF GENERAL OBLIGATION DEBT (32-1-1603 C.R.S.). Taxing entities that are Special Districts or Subdistricts of Special Districts must certify separate mill levies and revenues to the Board of County Commissioners, one each for the funding requirements of each debt (32-1-1603, C.R.S.) Use additional pages as necessary. The Special District's or Subdistrict's total levies for general obligation bonds and total levies for contractual obligations should be recorded on Page 1, Lines 3 and 4 respectively.

CERTIFY A SEPARATE MILL LEVY FOR EACH BOND OR CONTRACT:

BONDS^J:

1.	Purpose of Issue:	Limited Tax General Obligation Loan Pledge Agreement	
	Series:	2016	
	Date of Issue:	06/10/2016	
	Coupon Rate:	N/A	
	Maturity Date:	06/01/2046	
	Levy:	16.000	
	Revenue:	\$46,673	
2.	Purpose of Issue:		
	Date of Issue:		
	Coupon Rate:		
	Maturity Date:		
	Levy:		
	Revenue:		
COI	ΝΤRACTS ^κ :		
3.	Purpose of Contract:		
	Title:		
	Date:		
	Principal Amount:		
	Maturity Date:		
	Levy:		
	Revenue:		
4.	Purpose of Contract:		
	Title:		
	Date:		
	Principal Amount:		
	Maturity Date:		
	Levy:		
	Revenue:		

Use multiple copies of this page as necessary to separately report all bond and contractual obligations per 32-1-1603, C.R.S.

Notes:

^A **Taxing Entity**—A jurisdiction authorized by law to impose ad valorem property taxes on taxable property located within its territorial limits (please see notes B, C, and H below). For purposes of the DLG 70 only, a *taxing entity* is also a geographic area formerly located within a *taxing entity*'s boundaries for which the county assessor certifies a valuation for assessment and which is responsible for payment of its share until retirement of financial obligations incurred by the *taxing entity* when the area was part of the *taxing entity*. For example: an area of excluded property formerly within a special district with outstanding general obligation debt at the time of the exclusion or the area located within the former boundaries of a dissolved district whose outstanding general obligation debt service is administered by another local government^C.

^B **Governing Body**—The board of county commissioners, the city council, the board of trustees, the board of directors, or the board of any other entity that is responsible for the certification of the *taxing entity*'s mill levy. For example: the board of county commissioners is the governing board <u>ex officio</u> of a county public improvement district (PID); the board of a water and sanitation district constitutes <u>ex officio</u> the board of directors of the water subdistrict.

^C Local Government - For purposes of this line on Page 1 of the DLG 70, the *local government* is the political subdivision under whose authority and within whose boundaries the *taxing entity* was created. The *local government* is authorized to levy property taxes on behalf of the *taxing entity*. For example, for the purposes of this form:

- 1. a municipality is both the *local government* and the *taxing entity* when levying its own levy for its entire jurisdiction;
- 2. a city is the *local government* when levying a tax on behalf of a business improvement district (BID) *taxing entity* which it created and whose city council is the BID board;
- 3. a fire district is the *local government* if it created a subdistrict, the *taxing entity*, on whose behalf the fire district levies property taxes.
- 4. a town is the *local government* when it provides the service for a dissolved water district and the town board serves as the board of a dissolved water district, the *taxing entity*, for the purpose of certifying a levy for the annual debt service on outstanding obligations.

^{**b**} **GROSS Assessed Value -** There will be a difference between gross assessed valuation and net assessed valuation reported by the county assessor only if there is a "tax increment financing" entity (see below), such as a downtown development authority or an urban renewal authority, within the boundaries of the *taxing entity*. The board of county commissioners certifies each *taxing entity*'s total mills upon the *taxing entity*'s *Gross Assessed Value* found on Line 2 of Form DLG 57.

^E Certification of Valuation by County Assessor, Form DLG 57 - The county assessor(s) uses this form (or one similar) to provide valuation for assessment information to a *taxing entity*. The county assessor must provide this certification no later than August 25th each year and may amend it, one time, prior to December 10th. Each entity must use the **FINAL** valuation provided by assessor when certifying a tax levy.

^F TIF Area—A downtown development authority (DDA) or urban renewal authority (URA), may form plan areas that use "tax increment financing" to derive revenue from increases in assessed valuation (gross minus net, Form DLG 57 Line 3) attributed to the activities/improvements within the plan area. The DDA or URA receives the differential revenue of each overlapping *taxing entity*'s mill levy applied against the *taxing entity*'s gross assessed value after subtracting the *taxing entity*'s revenues derived from its mill levy applied against the net assessed value.

^G **NET Assessed Value**—The total taxable assessed valuation from which the *taxing entity* will derive revenues for its uses. It is found on Line 4 of Form DLG 57. **Please Note:** A downtown development authority (DDA) may be both a *taxing entity* and have also created its own *TIF area* and/or have a URA *TIF Area* within the DDA's boundaries. As a result DDAs may both receive operating revenue from their levy applied to their certified *NET assessed value* and also receive TIF revenue generated by any *tax entity* levies overlapping the DDA's *TIF Area*, including the DDA's own operating levy.

^H General Operating Expenses (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 1)—The levy and accompanying revenue reported on Line 1 is for general operations and includes, in aggregate, all levies for and revenues raised by a *taxing entity* for purposes not lawfully exempted and detailed in Lines 3 through 7 on Page 1 of the DLG 70. For example: a fire pension levy is included in general operating expenses, unless the pension is voter-approved, if voter-approved, use Line 7 (Other).

¹ **Temporary Tax Credit for Operations (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 2)**—The Temporary General Property Tax Credit/ Temporary Mill Levy Rate Reduction of 39-1-111.5, C.R.S. may be applied to the *taxing entity*'s levy for general operations to effect refunds. Temporary Tax Credits (TTCs) are not applicable to other types of levies (non-general operations) certified on this form because these levies are adjusted from year to year as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments established for the payment of any obligation incurred by the *taxing entity* per 29-1-301(1.7), C.R.S., or they are certified as authorized at election per 29-1-302(2)(b), C.R.S.

^J General Obligation Bonds and Interest (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 3)—Enter on this line the total levy required to pay the annual debt service of all general obligation bonds. Per 29-1-301(1.7) C.R.S., the amount of revenue levied for this purpose cannot be greater than the amount of revenue required for such purpose as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments. Title 32, Article 1 Special districts and subdistricts must complete Page 2 of the DLG 70.

^K Contractual Obligation (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 4)—If repayment of a contractual obligation with property tax has been approved at election and it is not a general obligation bond (shown on Line 3), the mill levy is entered on this line. Per 29-1-301(1.7) C.R.S., the amount of revenue levied for this purpose cannot be greater than the amount of revenue required for such purpose as specified by the provisions of any contract or schedule of payments.

^L Capital Expenditures (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 5)—These revenues are not subject to the statutory property tax revenue limit <u>if</u> they are approved by counties and municipalities <u>through public hearings</u> pursuant to 29-1-301(1.2) C.R.S. and for special districts <u>through approval from the Division of Local Government</u> pursuant to 29-1-302(1.5) C.R.S. or for any *taxing entity* if <u>approved at election</u>. Only levies approved by these methods should be entered on Line 5.

^M **Refunds/Abatements (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 6)**—The county assessor reports on the *Certification of Valuation* (DLG 57 Line 11) the amount of revenue from property tax that the local government did not receive in the prior year because taxpayers were given refunds for taxes they had paid or they were given abatements for taxes originally charged to them due to errors made in their property valuation. The local government was due the tax revenue and would have collected it through an adjusted mill levy if the valuation errors had not occurred. Since the government was due the revenue, it may levy, in the subsequent year, a mill to collect the refund/abatement revenue. An abatement/refund mill levy may generate revenues up to, but not exceeding, the refund/abatement amount from Form DLG 57 Line 11.

1. Please Note: Pursuant to Article X, Section 3 of the Colorado Constitution, <u>if the taxing entity is in more than one county, as with all levies, the abatement levy must be uniform throughout the entity's boundaries and certified the same to each county.</u> To calculate the abatement/refund levy for a *taxing entity* that is located in more than one county, first total the abatement/refund amounts reported by each county assessor, then divide by the *taxing entity*'s total net assessed value, then multiply by 1,000 and round <u>down</u> to the nearest three decimals to prevent levying for more revenue than was abated/refunded. This results in an abatement/refund mill levy that will be uniformly certified to all of the counties in which the *taxing entity* is located even though the abatement/refund did not occur in all the counties.

^N Other (DLG 70 Page 1 Line 7)—Report other levies and revenue not subject to 29-1-301 C.R.S. that were not reported above. For example: a levy for the purposes of television relay or translator facilities as specified in sections 29-7-101, 29-7-102, and 29-7-105 and 32-1-1005 (1) (a), C.R.S.; a voter-approved fire pension levy; a levy for special purposes such as developmental disabilities, open space, etc.