SWEETGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2 Dacono, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and the major fund of Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and the major fund of Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2, as of December 31, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis-of-Matter Regarding Correction of an Error

As discussed in Note 10 to the financial statements, the District had a restatement of net position as of December 31, 2020, due to previous costs incurred that were ineligible under the previous Service Plan. These costs were removed in 2021. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements.

We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Broomfield, Colorado April 27, 2022

SWEETGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	• • • 7 • 4
Unrestricted Cash and Investments	\$ 3,731
Restricted Cash and Investments	186,006
Due from Other Governments	2,617
Prepaid Expenses	10,638
Property Tax Receivable	652,770
Total Assets	855,762
LIABILITIES	
Due Within the Year:	
Accrued Interest and Nonuse Fees	26,631
Limited Tax Obligation Notes	330,000
Due in More Than One Year:	
Limited Tax Obligation Notes	9,439,000
Subordinate Limited Tax Obligation Bonds	3,426,748
Accrued Interest	787,368
Total Liabilities	14,009,747
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Tax Revenue	652,770
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	652,770
	002,110
NET POSITION	
Restricted for TABOR	4,808
Unrestricted	(13,811,563)
Total Net Position	\$ (13,806,755)
	+ (12,222), 00)

SWEETGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Program <u>Revenue</u> Charges for Expenses Services	Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities: General Government	\$ 324,907 \$	- \$ (324,907)
Interest and Related Costs on	φ 024,001 φ	φ (024,001)
Long-Term Debt	602,696	- (602,696)
	\$ 927,603 \$	- (927,603)
	General Revenues	
	Property Taxes	627,938
	Specific Ownership Taxes	31,531
	Intergovernmental Revenue	67,608
	Net Investment Income	266
	Total General Revenues	727,343
	Change in Net Position	(200,260)
	Net Position - Beginning of Year - as Restated	s (13,606,495)_
	Net Position - End of Year	\$ (13,806,755)

SWEETGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 BALANCE SHEET DECEMBER 31, 2021

	-	eneral Fund
ASSETS		
Unrestricted Cash and Investments	\$	3,731
Restricted Cash and Investments Due from Other Governments		186,006 2,617
Prepaid Items		10,638
Property Tax Receivable		652,770
Total Assets	\$	855,762
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Property Tax Revenue	\$	652,770
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		652,770
FUND BALANCE		
Nonspendable for Prepaid Items		10,638
Restricted for TABOR Restricted for Debt Service		4,808 186,006
Unassigned		1,540
Total Fund Balance		202,992
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance	\$	855,762

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

SWEETGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2021

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	ç	\$ 202,992
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Accrued interest payable is recognized for governmental activities, threfore, is not reported as a liability in the governmental fund.		(813,999)
Some liabilities are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balance sheet. Limited Tax Obligation Notes (9,769,	000)	
Subordinate Limited Tax Obligation Bonds (3,426,	748)	(13,195,748)
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ (13,806,755)

SWEETGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	 General Fund
REVENUES	
Property Taxes	\$ 627,938
Specific Ownership Taxes	31,531
Net Investment Income	266
Intergovernmental - Metro District No. 1	 67,608
Total Revenues	727,343
EXPENDITURES	
Current:	
Intergovernmental - Metro District No. 1	256,000
County Treasurer's Fees	9,423
Audit	9,450
Accounting	44,718
Insurance	2,260
Trustee Fees	2,000
Miscellaneous	1,056
Debt Service:	
Principal	-
Interest and Fiscal Charges	324,002
Custodial Fee	3,000
Non-use Fee	12,639
Total Expenditures	 664,548
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES UNDER EXPENDITURES	62,795
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	
Proceeds from Debt Instrument	 125,000
Total Other Financing Sources	 125,000
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	187,795
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year	 15,197
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	\$ 202,992

See accompanying Notes to Basic Financial Statements.

SWEETGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Fund	\$ 187,795
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental fund, while the repayment of the principal on long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Debt Proceeds	(125,000)
The change in accrued interest and non-use fees does not have any impact on governmental fund expenditures. This transaction, however, does increase the amount of interest expense and non-use fees on the statement of activities. Accrued Interest	(265,138)
Nonuse Fees	 2,083
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (200,260)

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2 (the District) is a quasi-municipal corporation located within the city limits of Dacono, Colorado (Dacono) created by election in November 2001. The District and Dacono have entered into an Intergovernmental Agreement as required by the Dacono Code, which implemented the District Service Plan and limited certain District statutory powers. The District is governed pursuant to provisions of the Colorado Special District Act to finance construction, operation and maintenance of the facilities located within the Sweetgrass Metropolitan Districts No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3.

Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 1 (District No. 1) was organized concurrently with Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2 and Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 3 (District No. 3). District No. 1 has the power to provide water, sanitation, storm drainage, streets, traffic and safety controls, and park and recreation improvements and other related improvements for the benefit of taxpayers and service users within the Districts' boundaries. The Service Plan requires District No. 1 to convey the constructed improvements to Dacono or the HOA for ownership and maintenance.

Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 1 is intended to serve as the "operating district" while Sweetgrass Metropolitan Districts No. 2 and No. 3 are intended to serve as the "financing districts". The operating district is responsible for providing the day-to-day operations and administrative management of all three of the Districts. The operating district is economically dependent upon intergovernmental revenue received from the financing districts.

The Service Plan has been replaced by the Amended and Restated Consolidated Service Plan, dated November 19, 2021 and approved by Dacono on November 22, 2021 (the Amended and Restated Service Plan). The Amended and Restated Service Plan provides for the District to have a new debt limit of \$11,500,000. In addition, the District plans to exclude a portion of property currently within its boundaries and include that property in District No. 2.

The District has no employees and all services are contracted.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity, including District No. 1, District No. 3, and Dacono.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These financial statements include all of the activities of the District. Governmental activities are normally supported by taxes.

The statement of net position reports all financial resources of the District. The difference between the assets, liabilities and deferred outflows and inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The District is responsible for the repayment of bonds issued for the purpose of constructing infrastructure improvements which will be conveyed to Dacono or the HOA. The funds generated through the issuance of the bonds have been transferred to District No. 1 for that purpose. Consequently, a deficit balance is reflected on the District's statement of net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. The major sources of revenue susceptible to accrual are property taxes. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, including non-use fees, are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

<u>Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government.

Budgets

In accordance with the State Budget Law, the District's Board of Directors (the Board) holds public hearings in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at yearend. The District's Board of Directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The budget includes each fund on its basis of accounting unless otherwise indicated. The adopted budgets for the General Fund and Debt Service fund have been consolidated and reflected as the General Fund Budget for financial reporting purposes.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by the District's Board of Directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, in February and June. Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally, sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenue is recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

Fund Balance and Net Position

Net position is reported in the governmental activities and is classified as restricted or unrestricted. Restrictions of net position represent amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted. As of December 31, 2021, fund balances of governmental funds are classified as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not spendable in form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance and Net Position (Continued)

<u>Committed</u> – amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board.

<u>Assigned</u> – amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District in its budget process. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the General Fund.

<u>Unassigned</u> – represents the residual classification for the District's General Fund and could report a surplus or deficit.

Restricted Fund Balance

Emergency reserves have been provided for as required by Article X, Section 20 of the Constitution of the state of Colorado (see Note 9). \$4,808 of the General Fund balance has been reserved in compliance with this requirement. The District's order of fund balance spending policy is to apply expenditures against restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance. The District reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned fund balance.

In 2021, the District reported fund balance restricted for debt service of \$186,006.

Nonspendable fund balance of \$10,638 is equal to the amount of prepaid insurance for the District that will benefit a future period.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments reflected on the statement of net position as of December 31, 2021 consist of the following:

Unrestricted Cash Deposits	\$ 3,731
Restricted Investments	 186,006
Total Cash	\$ 189,737

Cash Deposits

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The fair value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Cash Deposits (Continued)

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

At December 31, 2021, the District's cash deposits had a carrying balance of \$3,731.

Investments

The District has not adopted a formal investment policy; however, it follows state statutes regarding investments. The District also follows investment policies in bond or note agreements when those agreements are more restrictive than state statutes. The District generally limits its concentration of investments to those noted with an asterisk (*) below, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to investment custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- . Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and World Bank securities
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds *
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools
- . Certain reverse repurchase agreements
- . Certain corporate bonds
- . Certain securities lending agreements

Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less depending on the specific investment held unless formally approved by the Board of Directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements. Revenue bonds of U.S. local government, corporate and bank securities and guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds are limited to maturities of three years or less.

NOTE 3 CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

As of December 31, 2021, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Amo	Amortized Cost		
*Money Market Fund - Fidelity Treasury	Less than One Year	\$	186,006		

As of December 31, 2021, the District had \$186,006 invested in Fidelity Treasury Money Market Funds. The investment is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and is valued at amortized cost. Based on the valuation method, additional disclosures are not required under GASB Statement No. 72.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The District's long-term obligations consist of the following for the year ended December 31, 2021:

	Balance at January 1, 2021 (Restated)	Additions	Red	uctions	_	Balance at ecember 31, 2021	(Due Within One Year
General Obligation	//							
Limited Tax Notes:								
Series 2018A	\$ 9,769,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,769,000	\$	330,000
Subordinate Limited Tax								
Bond - Series 2018C	 3,301,748	 125,000		-		3,426,748		-
Total Long-Term								
Obligations	\$ 13,070,748	\$ 125,000	\$	-	\$	13,195,748	\$	330,000

Series 2018A Note

The District issued the 2018A Limited Tax General Obligation Note on June 29, 2018 in the amount of \$10,000,000. The proceeds of such debt were used to refund all of the amounts due on the District's General Obligation Limited Tax Bonds, Series 2016; refund, pay and discharge all remaining amounts due on the Series 2005 Note in District No. 1; pay for a portion of the Public Improvements; repay or reimburse a portion of the amounts owed under the Capital Costs Agreement; and pay costs of issuance on the Note. The District does not have optional prepayment of principal until the fifth anniversary through the sixth anniversary of the date of the Note. A prepayment fee of 1% will be added to the principal balance if prepayment occurs after the fifth anniversary but before the sixth anniversary date. No prepayment fee is incurred if prepayment occurs after the sixth anniversary date of the Note. On November 25, 2028, and each 10-year anniversary until the maturity date, the interest rate will reset to the Bank Qualified Tax-Exempt Rate on the reset date. The Interest rate was 3.271% at December 31, 2021 computed on the basis of a 360-day year and actual days elapsed beginning on the commencement date. Interest payments are due June 1 and December 1 of each year. The District paid \$324,002 of interest and incurred \$324,002 in interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2018A Note (Continued)

As part of the 2018A Note agreement, the District may issue 2018B Note by authorizing and executing the 2018B Loan Agreement in an amount not to exceed \$10,000,000. The 2018B Loan will be considered parity debt with the 2018A Note. As of December 31, 2021, the District has executed the 2018B Loan Agreement but has not drawn on the loan. The District paid \$12,639 of non-use fees and incurred \$10,556 in non-use fees on the unfunded balance for the year ended December 31, 2021.

The following summarizes the debt services requirements to maturity for the 2018A Note:

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ 330,000	\$	324,002	\$	654,002
2023	180,000		318,364		498,364
2024	190,000		313,250		503,250
2025	210,000		306,092		516,092
2026	220,000		299,127		519,127
2027-2031	1,080,000		1,389,285		2,469,285
2031-2036	1,530,000		1,187,158		2,717,158
2037-2041	2,190,000		889,805		3,079,805
2042-2046	2,690,000		488,975		3,178,975
2047-2048	 1,149,000		57,583		1,206,583
Total	\$ 9,769,000	\$	5,573,641	\$	15,342,641

Series 2018C Bonds

The District issued the 2018C Subordinate Limited Tax General Obligation Bonds on December 4, 2018 for an amount not to exceed \$11,000,000. The proceeds of such debt were used for project costs and costs of issuing the Bonds. The Bonds are subordinate to the repayment of the Series 2018A and 2018B Note. The District drew down \$6,252,500 of principal on the date of issuance. The Bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the District as well as mandatory redemption for excess funds in the Subordinate Bond Fund to be first applied to interest then principal as a whole or in denominations of \$1,000. The Bonds will mature on December 1, 2048 and bear interest at a rate of 8% calculated based on a 360-day year payable solely and to the extent of Subordinate Pledged Revenue. Interest payments are due on December 15 of each year beginning on December 15, 2019. During 2020, there were four additional draws on the 2018C Bonds throughout the year, totaling \$182,500. In 2021, there were three additional draws, totaling \$125,000. The District incurred \$265,138 in interest expense for the year ended December 31, 2021.

NOTE 4 LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Series 2018C Bonds (Continued)

In 2021, District Nos. 1 and 3 and the District worked with Dacono to update their Service Plan. During this collaborative process, it was discovered that the current Service Plan, Exhibit H included a provision that certain costs were deemed to be ineligible for the Districts, as determined by Dacono. The District quantified \$3,133,252 of ineligible costs that had been incurred by District No. 1. These costs were financed by the District and the Subordinate Limited Tax Obligation Bonds. The District reduced the principal amount of the Subordinate Limited Tax Obligation Bonds by \$3,133,252 along with \$520,120 in accrued interest expense associated with the reduction in principal. These balances were removed from the balance as of January 1, 2021 as noted in the table above.

The following summarizes the debt services requirements to maturity for the 2018C Bonds:

Year Ending December 31,	 Principal		Interest		Total
2022	\$ -	\$	274,140	\$	274,140
2023	-		274,140		274,140
2024	-		274,140		274,140
2025	-		274,140		274,140
2026	-		274,140		274,140
2027-2031	-		1,370,699		1,370,699
2031-2036	-		1,370,699		1,370,699
2037-2041	-		1,370,699		1,370,699
2042-2046	-		1,370,699		1,370,699
2047-2048	 3,426,748		810,997		4,237,745
Total	\$ 3,426,748	\$	7,664,493	\$	11,091,241

Debt Authorization

The District voters approved \$164,000,000 of revenue obligation debt in 2005 at an interest rate not to exceed 18% per annum. At December 31, 2021, the District had \$150,804,252 in authorized but unissued debt. In the future, the District may issue a portion or all of the remaining authorized but unissued general obligation debt for purposes of providing public improvements to support development as it occurs within the District's service area.

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY

Three members of the Board of Directors are employees or are associated with Bellock Construction Company, construction manager and accountants for the District, Dacono Properties LLC and Dacono Development Company, Inc., the developers within the District. During 2021, Districts No. 1, No. 2, and No. 3 had the same Board of Directors (see Note 6).

NOTE 5 RELATED PARTY (CONTINUED)

Accounting Services Agreement

An accounting services contract was entered into with Bellock Construction Company during 2002. This agreement was subsequently amended on March 25, 2004. Under this amended agreement, accounting services are provided to the District at the annual hourly rates of Bellock Construction Company employees. During 2021, the District incurred accounting services fees in the amount of \$44,718.

NOTE 6 DISTRICT FACILITIES CONSTRUCTION AND SERVICE AGREEMENT (SERVICE CONTRACT)

In order to implement the Service Plan, District No. 1 approved an intergovernmental agreement with the District and District No. 3. The agreement shall remain in full force and effect until such time as each of the terms and conditions have been performed in their entirety or until the agreement is terminated by mutual written agreement by the Districts.

District No. 1 is to construct the facilities benefiting the three Districts and transfer them to Dacono or the HOA. The District and District No. 3 will, to the extent that they are to benefit, pay the capital costs and the service costs of operation and maintenance of such facilities.

The District and District No. 3 are required to fund, on an annual basis, the amount of actual service costs that each District would be capable of funding through property tax revenue plus other fee revenue as determined in the annual budget. If the Districts disagree as to the amount to be paid, then the District and District No. 3 must pay District No. 1 the amount set forth in the annual budget. During fiscal year 2017, the Colorado legislature reduced the residential assessment ratio from 7.96% to 7.20% causing the property tax mill rate for general obligation bonds and service costs to increase from 50 mills to 55.275 mills. The residential assessment ratio decreased to 7.15% in 2019 causing the mills to increase to 55.663 for taxes to be collected in 2020. During fiscal year 2020, the Gallagher Amendment was repealed.

NOTE 7 INTERGOVERNMENTAL REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES

The following intergovernmental revenue and expenses occurred during fiscal year ended December 31, 2021:

	Ме	Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 1		Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 2		Sweetgrass Metropolitan District No. 3		Total Revenues	
Sweetgrass Metropolitan:									
District No. 1	\$	-	\$	256,000	\$	40,000	\$	296,000	
District No. 2		67,608		-		-		67,608	
District No. 3		7,719		-		-		7,719	
Total Expenditures	\$	75,327	\$	256,000	\$	40,000	\$	371,327	

NOTE 8 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (the Pool) as of December 31, 2021. The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public officials liability, boiler and machinery, and workers' compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage during the past three years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability and public officials liability coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

NOTE 9 TAX, SPENDING, AND DEBT LIMITATIONS

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution, referred to as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue, and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Spending and revenue limits are determined based on the prior year's Fiscal Year Spending adjusted for allowable increases based upon inflation and local growth. Fiscal Year Spending is generally defined as expenditures plus reserve increases with certain exceptions. Revenue in excess of the Fiscal Year Spending limit must be refunded unless the voters approve retention of such revenue.

TABOR requires local governments to establish Emergency Reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of Fiscal Year Spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or benefit increases.

On November 5, 2005, a majority of the District's electors authorized the District to collect and spend or retain in a reserve all annual District revenue without regard to any limitations under TABOR.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate Fiscal Year Spending limits, will require judicial interpretation.

NOTE 10 RESTATEMENT

As mentioned in Note 4, in 2021 the District discovered that the then Service Plan included a provision that certain costs were deemed ineligible for the Districts. Due to this, net position was restated as of December 31, 2020 to reflect the reduction of the ineligible costs included in net position as of year-end.

	Net Position
December 31, 2020 as Originally Stated	\$ (17,259,867)
Restatement Amount	3,653,372
December 31, 2020 as Restated	\$ (13,606,495)

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SWEETGRASS METROPOLITAN DISTRICT NO. 2 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Original & Final Budgeted Amounts			Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES							
Property Taxes	\$	628,352	\$	627,938	\$	(414)	
Specific Ownership Taxes		37,701		31,531		(6,170)	
Net Investment Income		-		266		266	
Intergovernmental - Metro District No. 1		27,800		67,608		39,808	
Total Revenues		693,853		727,343		33,490	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Intergovernmental - Metro District No. 1		200,000		256,000		(56,000)	
County Treasurer's Fees		9,425		9,423		2	
Audit		10,000		9,450		550	
Accounting		5,000		44,718		(39,718)	
Insurance		2,800		2,260		540	
Trustee Fees		-		2,000		(2,000)	
Miscellaneous		10,000		1,056		8,944	
Debt Service:		,		,		-,	
Principal		160,000		-		160,000	
Interest and Fiscal Charges		1,855,036		324,002		1,531,034	
Custodial Fee		-		3,000		(3,000)	
Nonuse Fee		23,907		12,639		11,268	
Loan Origination Fees		18,000		-		18,000	
Total Expenditures		2,294,168		664,548		1,629,620	
		2,204,100		004,040		1,020,020	
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER							
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	((1,600,315)		62,795		1,663,110	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Proceeds from Debt Instrument		1,800,000		125,000		(1,675,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources		1,800,000		125,000		(1,675,000)	
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		199,685		187,795		(11,890)	
						. ,	
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		2,124		15,197		13,073	
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$	201,809	\$	202,992	\$	1,183	

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